

Proposal of a joint study

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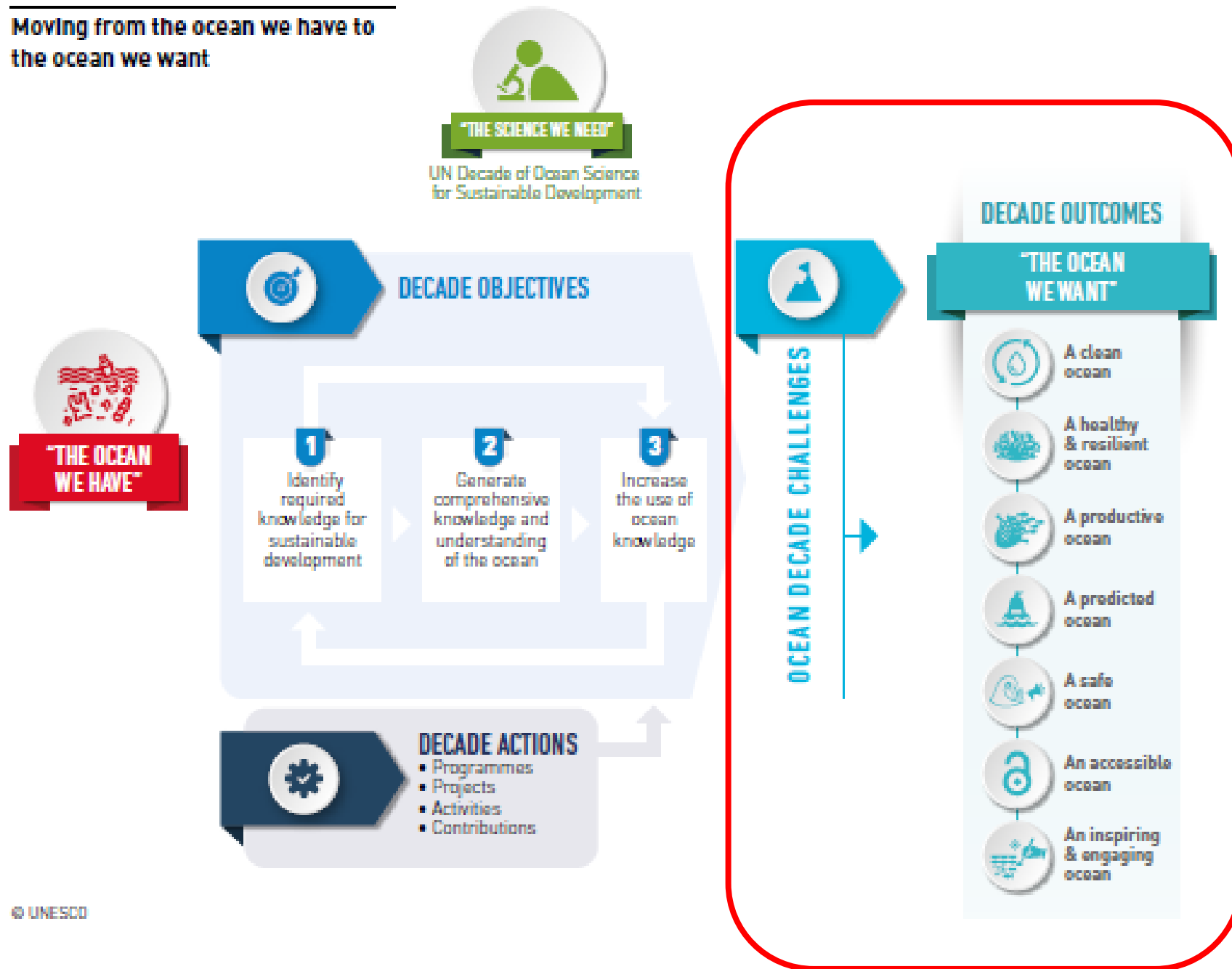
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS
17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD



The United Nations
Decade of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development
(2021-2030)



Moving from the ocean we have to the ocean we want



- How JSPS CREPSUM can contribute to the world on our own Asian way?
- How can we collaborate effectively for that?

We think this part is important (Backward thinking)

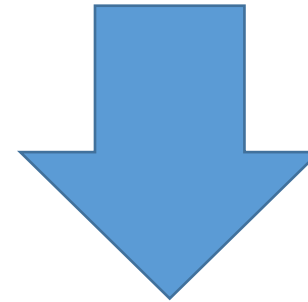
DECADE OUTCOMES

"THE OCEAN WE WANT"



- Asia has its **specific natural environment, culture and value systems** which directly influences to the images of **"the Ocean We Want"**.

- What is the commonalities? What is the differences among us?



- **We can find the direction of int'l collaborations** btw us, which will be the base to discuss the **Asian specific way of contribution to the global discussions.**

Ocean Decade Challenges



Understand and map land and sea-based sources of pollutants and contaminants and their potential impacts on human health and ocean ecosystems, and develop solutions to remove or mitigate them.



Understand the effects of multiple stressors on ocean ecosystems, and develop solutions to monitor, protect, manage and restore ecosystems and their biodiversity under changing environmental, social and climate conditions.



Generate knowledge, support innovation, and develop solutions to optimise the role of the ocean in sustainably feeding the world's population under changing environmental, social and climate conditions.



Generate knowledge, support innovation, and develop solutions for equitable and sustainable development of the ocean economy under changing environmental, social and climate conditions.



Enhance understanding of the ocean-climate nexus and generate knowledge and solutions to mitigate, adapt and build resilience to the effects of climate change across all geographies and at all scales, and to improve services including predictions for the ocean, climate and weather.



Enhance multi-hazard early warning services for all geophysical, ecological, biological, weather, climate and anthropogenic related ocean and coastal hazards, and mainstream community preparedness and resilience.



Ensure a sustainable ocean observing system across all ocean basins that delivers accessible, timely, and actionable data and information to all users.



Through multi-stakeholder collaboration, develop a comprehensive digital representation of the ocean, including a dynamic ocean map, which provides free and open access for exploring, discovering, and visualizing past, current, and future ocean conditions in a manner relevant to diverse stakeholders.



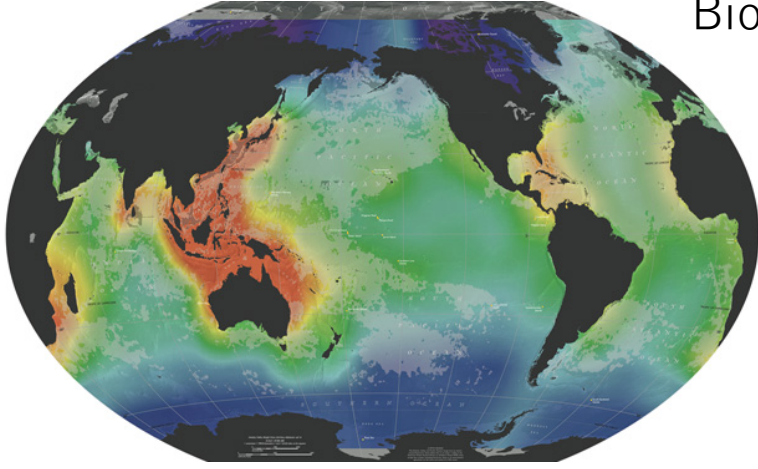
Ensure comprehensive capacity development and equitable access to data, information, knowledge and technology across all aspects of ocean science and for all stakeholders.



Ensure that the multiple values and services of the ocean for human wellbeing, culture, and sustainable development are widely understood, and identify and overcome barriers to behaviour change required for a step change in humanity's relationship with the ocean.

- 10 scientific challenges identified by UNDOS.
- What is the characteristics of these challenges in Southeast Asia? (existing studies, social infrastructure, etc.)
- What is the advantages /disadvantages of us?

You would have many ideas!



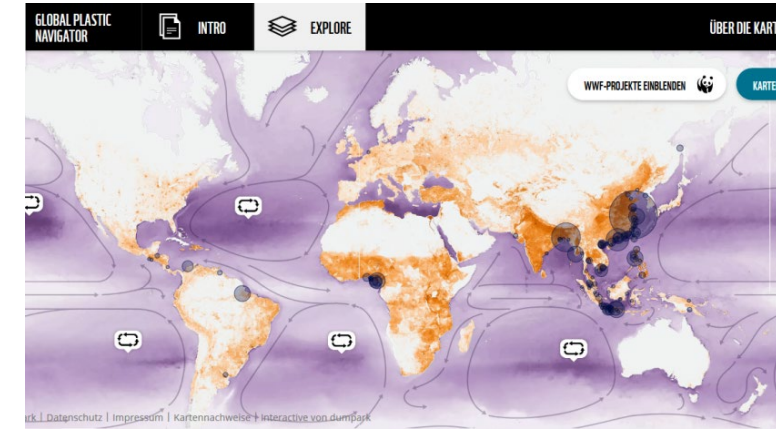
Duke University (2011) based on CoML

Biodiversity

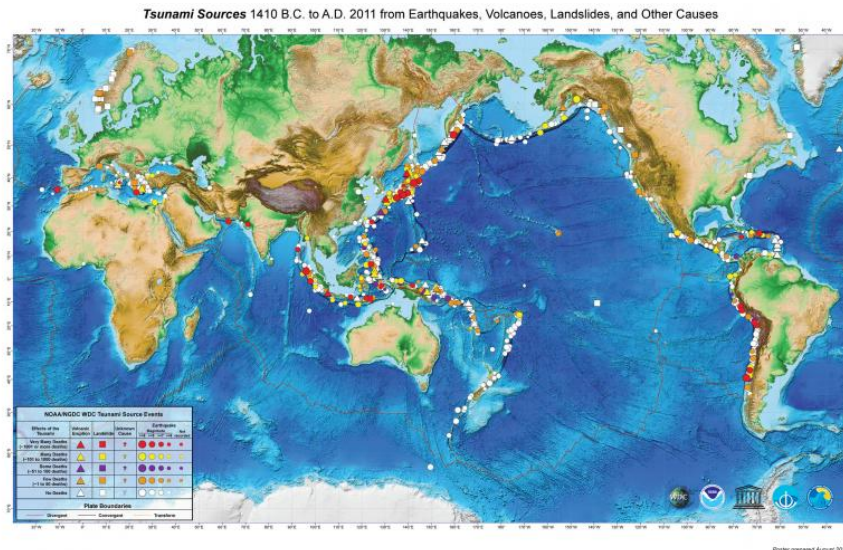


Fisheries
production/
consumption

Marine plastic

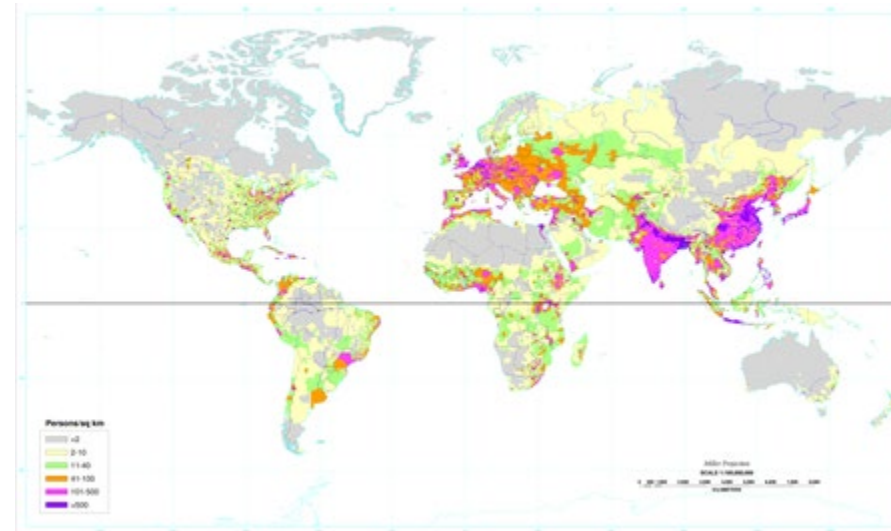


<https://en.reset.org/>



Marine
disaster
(tsunami)

<https://toolkit.climate.gov/image/241>



Population,
mega cities,
economic
growth

<https://en.wikipedia.org/>

Therefore, let us conduct a Social survey

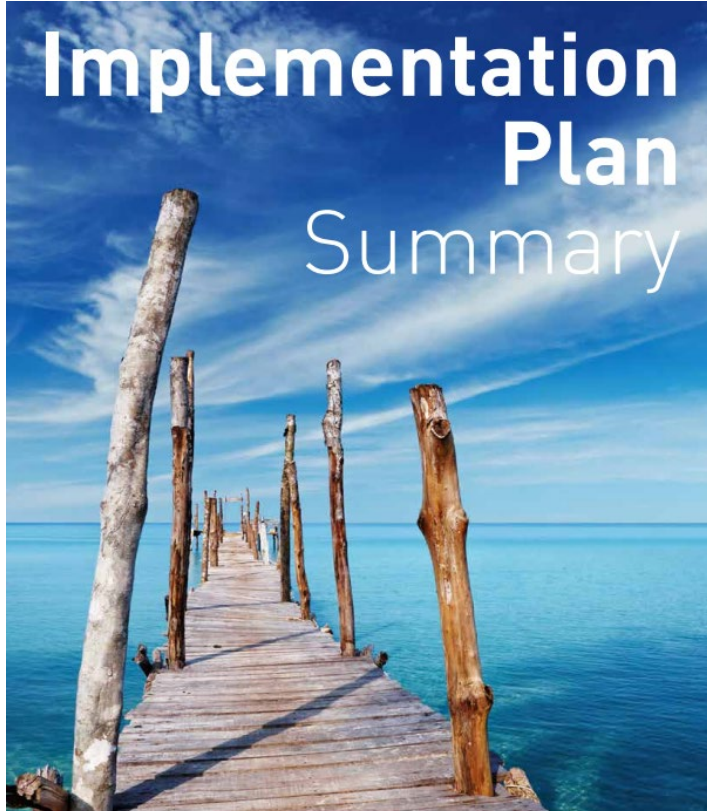
- **To general public:** Web-based survey in each country to understand the detailed contents/images of “[the ocean we want \(7 societal outcomes\)](#)” (n>500 in each country)
- **To marine researchers:** Questionnaire survey to identify the detailed contents/images of “[10 Scientific Challenges](#)” in each country’s context. (n>50 in each group of researchers)
- **To both:** free description about [the expectations/requests from one to the other to achieve those](#) (this will be the base of the “**Transformative Ocean Science**”, the core approach of UNDOS).

Then, we can discuss followings;
What is the gap? What is the Asian perspective?
How can we create synergy in the next 10 years?

Next step

- Who will volunteer to be a **coordinator** of each country?
- **Total budget?**
- To which countries shall we conduct the survey?
 - CREPSUM** only?
 - PICES** (plus Canada, China, Korea, USA, and Russia)?
 - IOC-WESTPAC** (plus SIDs, AU, NZ, India, Sri Lanka, etc.)?
- Which journal to be published as a **peer-reviewed paper** (ICES-JMS? Marine Policy? Science “Policy Forum”?),
etc.

Thank you very much!!



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TRANSFORMATIVE OCEAN SCIENCE

The notion of transformation is central to the Decade. The Decade, both in terms of action and outcomes, needs to move beyond business as usual to a true revolution in ocean science. In the context of the Decade, we need transformative ocean science that:

- ▶ uses the 2030 Agenda as a central framework to identify and address the questions that are most important to society;
- ▶ is co-designed and co-delivered in a multi-stakeholder environment and that involves the generators of knowledge and the users of knowledge;
- ▶ is solutions-focused;
- ▶ where needed, is big, audacious, forward-looking, and spans geographies;
- ▶ reaches across disciplines and actively integrates natural and social science disciplines as well as the arts and humanities;
- ▶ embraces local and indigenous knowledge holders;
- ▶ is transformative because of who is doing it or where it is being done, including in both less developed and developed countries;
- ▶ strives for generational, gender and geographic diversity in all its manifestations;
- ▶ is communicated in forms that are widely understood across society and that trigger behaviour change; and
- ▶ is shared openly and available for re-use.

- Action and outcome-oriented science (SDG 14),
- Co-design and co-deliver with stakeholders,
- Solution-focused,
- Multi-disciplinary,
- Local and indigenous knowledge,
- Inclusive,
- Shared openly, etc., etc.

Approved by UNGA last December

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